



Northern Watersnake
(Nerodia sipedon sipedon)



Plain-bellied Watersnake
(Nerodia erythrogaster)



Graham's Crayfishsnake
(Regina grahamii)



Western Hog-nosed Snake
(Heterodon nasicus)

IF YOU ENCOUNTER A SNAKE:

Leave the snake alone and move away. Approximately half of all bites occur when individuals were attempting to capture, harass, or kill a snake. If a snake needs to be removed, contact Range Control (785-633-0913).

Snake Tips:

- Be careful working around brush piles or other debris. Use a rake or long handled tool to move brush, debris, or other materials before picking it up.
- Snakes prey on small animals including mice, rats, lizards and frogs. Removing habitat for these animals (eliminating brush piles, wood piles, sources of food, etc.) will help reduce unwelcome encounters with snakes.
- Wear snake chaps or tall leather boots when walking in thick vegetation.
- Seek medical attention immediately if you are bit by any venomous or unknown snake. Do not attempt to draw out the venom. If possible, collect the snake or provide a description of the animal to medical staff.



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Snakes of the Kansas Training Range



Range Control:
785-633-0913
Environmental Program Manager:
(785) 274-1154

There is the potential for 16 species of snakes to be found on the Kansas Training Range. Currently, five snake species have been confirmed including the venomous Massasauga Rattlesnake. The vast majority of snakes found on the installation, such as the common garter snake and western ribbon snake are nonvenomous and harmless. Snakes play an important role in Kansas's ecosystems. Please do not kill snakes, particularly when they are encountered away from dwellings or work spaces.

VENOMOUS

Massasauga (*Sistrurus catenatus*)
Confirmed



NONVENOMOUS



Ring-necked Snake
(*Diadophis punctatus*)



Western Ribbon Snake
(*Thamnophis proximus*)

Confirmed



Common Garter Snake
(*Thamnophis sirtalis*)

Confirmed



Western Ratsnake
(*Pantherophis obsoletus*)

Confirmed



Lined Snake
(*Tropidoclonion lineatum*)



North American Racer
(*Coluber constrictor*)

Confirmed



Gophersnake
(*Pituophis catenifer*)



Yellow-bellied Kingsnake
(*Lampropeltis calligaster*)



Eastern Kingsnake
(*Lampropeltis getula*)

Common Kingsnake (*Lampropeltis getula*) Photo Credit: James Beaman U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service



Milksnake
(*Lampropeltis triangulum*)