

Update: EPA PFAS Regulatory and Policy Issues

EPA Federal Facilities Restoration and Reuse Office

15 November 2023

 EPA is proposing a National Primary Drinking Water Regulation (NPDWR) to establish legally enforceable levels, called Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs), for six PFAS in drinking water.

EPA's Proposed Action for the PFAS NPDWR

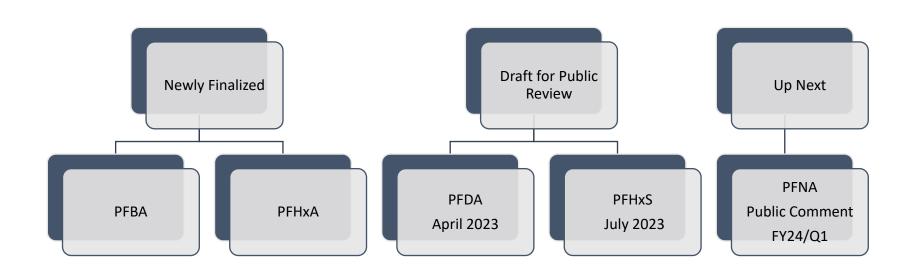
- PFOA and PFOS as individual contaminants, and
- PFHxS, PFNA, PFBS, and HFPO-DA (commonly referred to as GenX Chemicals) as a PFAS mixture
- EPA is also proposing health-based, nonenforceable Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs) for these six PFAS.
 - MCLGs are the maximum level of a contaminant in drinking water where there are no known or anticipated negative health effects allowing for a margin of safety.

EPA's PFAS NPDWR website: https://www.epa.gov/sdwa/and-polyfluoroalkylsubstances-pfas



IRIS PFAS Toxicity Values

https://www.epa.gov/iris/iris-program-outlook





- RSL tables will be updated more frequently than regulations.
 - Regulations are not needed to take action
 - RSL Table will be updated soon
- PFAS data will be screened using updated RSLs using a hazard quotient of 0.1 if more than one PFAS (or other contaminants) are present.
 - Rarely do we see only one PFAS
 - Usually there are other legacy contaminants present
- Risks from exposure to all PFAS chemicals will be considered.
 - Quantitatively, starting with data in RSL tables along with ARARs, including MCLs and State promulgated values.
 - Qualitatively, including PFAS we can measure but have not tox values.
- Risk calculations will include all relevant contaminants, not just PFAS
 - RAGS Guidance

EPA's Destruction and Disposal Guidance

2023 Update

- Incorporate new science
- Re-examine data gaps and uncertainties
- Include an example SOP to screen for vulnerable populations near vendors



No Shortage of PFAS Challenges



Legal and Policy

Regulator review and comment on PAs and SIs

No Further Action decisions

Use of state values

RSLs and screening values



Technical

Use of pilot studies

Use of models

Risk assessment



