

May 11, 2004 AIHCE DoD IH Forum

The Industrial Hygienist's Role In In Global Emerging Infectious Diseases

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- Understand what emerging infectious diseases (EID) are.
- Appreciate why EID have become & will remain important.
- Identify roles for Industrial Hygienists in the control of EID.



VISITING THE PAST

Early 1980s

Love Canal Chemical workplace exposures Medical surveillance

- Mid 1980s
 HIV/AIDS
- > 1990s to the present

Ebola, Hot Zones SARS, Avian Flu, Monkeypox Anthrax & Weapons of mass destruction



CONQUERING INFECTIOUS DISEASES

- > 1940s

 Antibiotics
- > 1950s

 Polio Vaccine
- > 1970s

Global Eradication of Smallpox Military Adenovirus & Meningococcal Vaccines



BOLD PROCLAMATIONS

<u>1970s – 1980s</u>

"Microbes are no longer a threat to humanity."

"We have conquered infectious diseases."



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The Conquest of All Microbes LS UNREASONABLE

- The microbial world is vast and largely unknown.
- Microbes are constantly changing.



Dramatic Global Changes

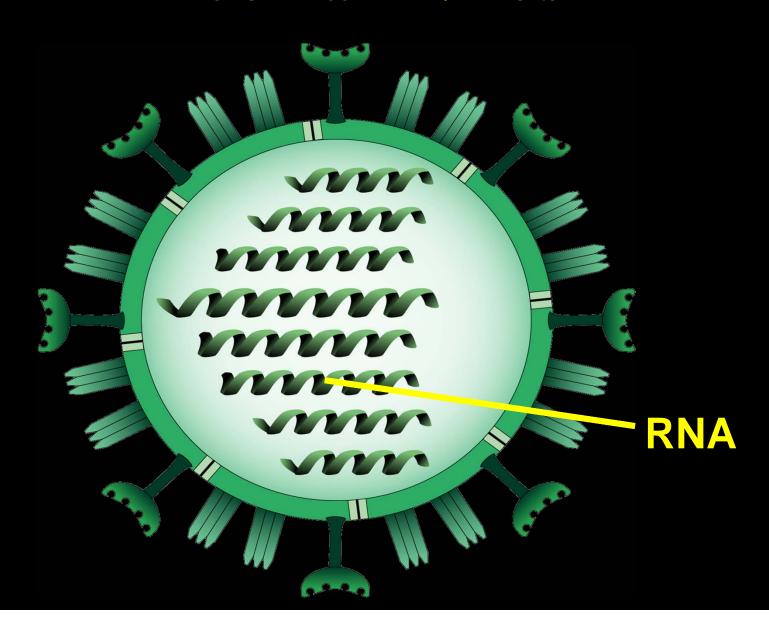
- Our world has changed rapidly and dramatically since 1970.
- •Global changes have increased the microbial threat to humans.



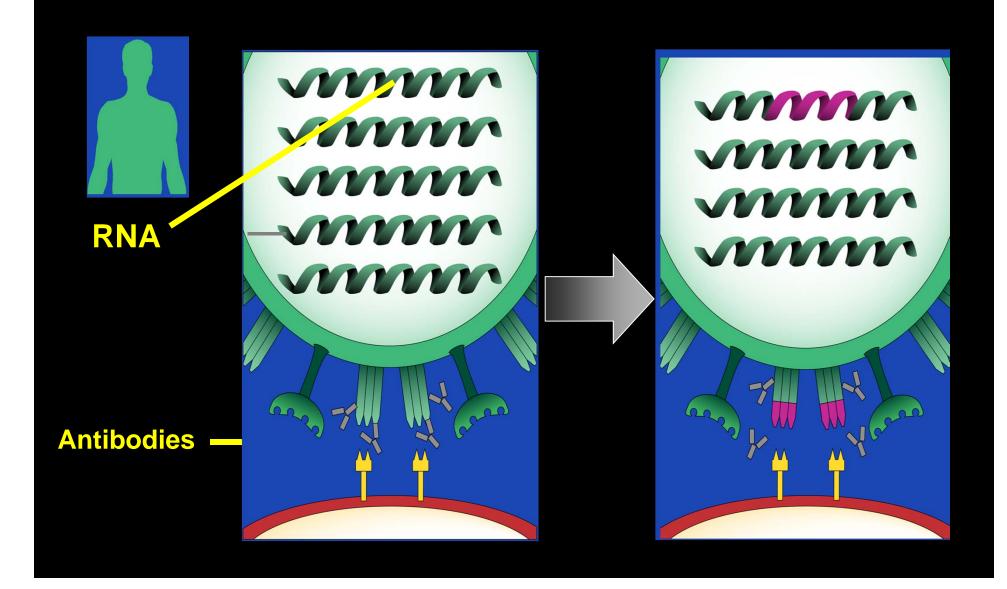
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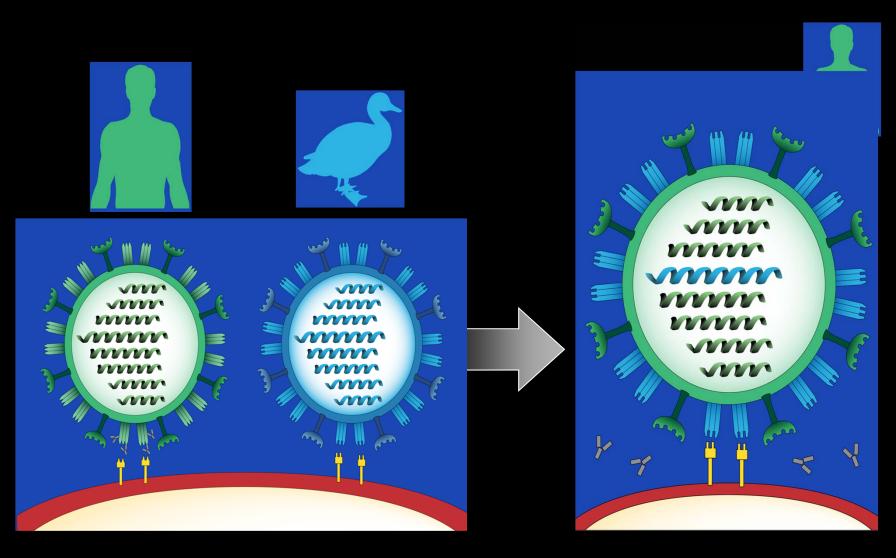
Influenza A Virus



Influenza A Antigenic Drift



Influenza A Antigenic Shift





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Major New Infectious Diseases in Each Century

Century	<u>Pathogen</u>	<u>Century</u>	<u>Pathogen</u>
11 <i>th</i>	Ergotism	16 <i>th</i>	Dysentery
12 <i>th</i>	Smallpox	17 <i>th</i>	Tuberculosis
13 <i>th</i>	Leprosy	18 <i>th</i>	Typhus
14 <i>th</i>	Plague	19 <i>th</i>	Cholera
15 <i>th</i>	Syphilis	20 th	HIV/AIDS

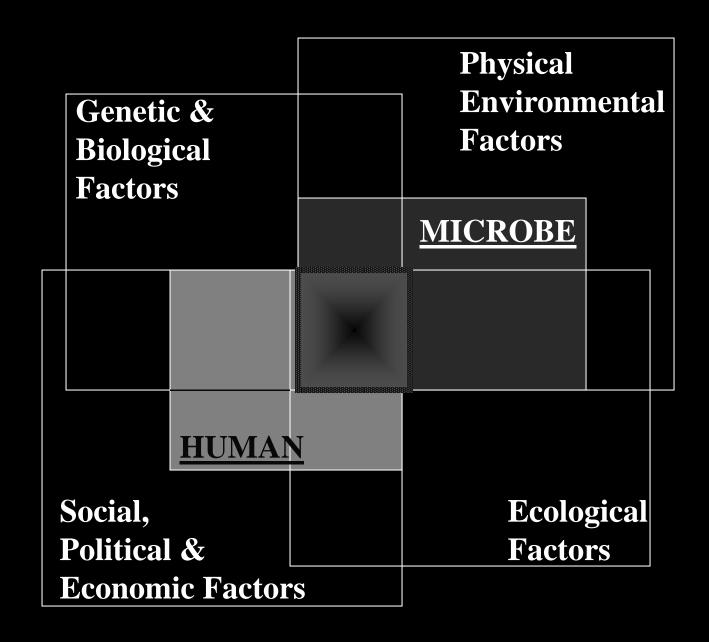
The Eleventh Plague, A Novel of Medical Terror by John S. Marr, MD, & John Baldwin, HarperCollins Publishers, New York, 1998.

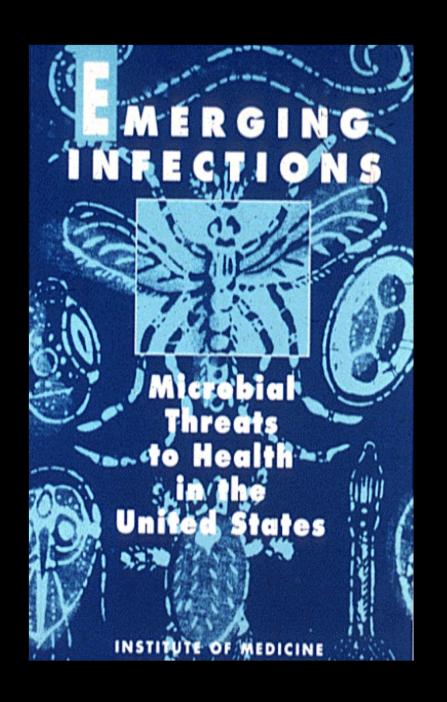


FACTORS IN THE EMERGENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Microbial adaptation & change Human susceptibility to infection Climate & weather Changing ecosystems Economic development & land use Human demographics & behavior Technology & industry International travel & commerce Breakdown of public health measures Poverty & social inequality War & famine Lack of political will Intent to harm

FACTORS IN THE EMERGENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES: THE CONVERGENCE MODEL





The US Capacity to Address Tropical Infectious Disease Problems IOM, 1987

The Future of Public Health IOM, 1988

Emerging Infections:
Microbial Threats to Health
in the U.S.
IOM, 1992

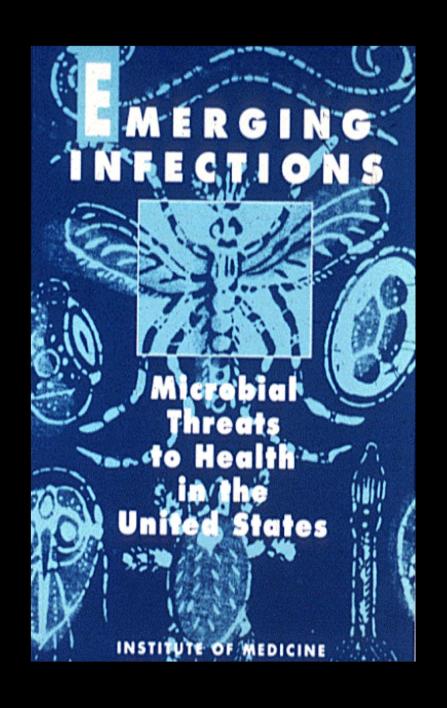
Addressing Emerging Infectious Disease Threats: A Prevention Strategy for the United States CDC, 1994

Presidential Decision
Directive: NSTC 7, June
1996

"I have determined that the national and international system of infectious disease surveillance, prevention, and response is inadequate to protect the health of United States citizens from emerging infectious diseases."



President William J. Clinton
June 1996



Emerging Infections:
Microbial Threats to Health
in the U.S.
IOM, 1992

Microbial Threats to Health IOM, 2003



WHAT ARE EID?

Institute of Medicine, 1992

Diseases caused by infectious agents, or possibly caused by infectious agents, whose incidence in humans has increased or threatens to increase. The infectious agents may be naturally occurring or intended to harm humans.



WHY ARE EID IMPORTANT?

- The number of potential EID agents is great and largely unknown.
- The global factors that contribute to the emergence of a infectious agents are many, widespread and not expected to diminish.
- The EID threat continues and could increase.



- > Agents intended to harm people.
- > Health care & medical research facilities.
- The military environment.
 - -Military training centers.
 - -Military operations.



- Military training centers.
 - -Pre 1970
 - -Adenovirus & meningococcal vaccines
 - -Loss of the adenovirus vaccines
- > Return of adenovirus acute respiratory disease.
 - -No vaccine
 - -No specific drug therapy



- ➤ NOVARDIs Non-vaccine acute respiratory disease interventions.
 - -HVAC design
 - -Air filters
- Refugee evacuation by ship.



Consideration of infectious diseases in:

- Design & monitoring of all buildings.
- Design & monitoring of public carriers.
- > Militarily unique situations
 - -Training environments
 - -Operational environments

