



## OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

3400 DEFENSE PENTAGON  
WASHINGTON, DC 20301-3400

ENERGY, INSTALLATIONS,  
AND ENVIRONMENT

Dear Conservation Partners and Native Hawaiian Leaders:

This letter is an invitation to participate in consultation pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, 54 U.S.C. § 306108, and its implementing regulations at 36 C.F.R. Part 800, *Protection of Historic Properties*, for the development of a Programmatic Agreement to fulfill the Department of Defense's (DoD) Section 106 consultation responsibilities for undertakings pursued by DoD in support of the Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration (REPI) Program in the State of Hawai'i.

The REPI Program preserves military missions by supporting cost-sharing agreements between the Military Services, other Federal agencies, state and local governments, and private organizations to avoid land use conflicts, address environmental restrictions, and maintain or improve military installation resilience. The DoD Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment is responsible for oversight of the REPI Program and worked with the Military Services to determine that a streamlined, unified, and consistent approach for National Historic Preservation Act compliance among all the Military Services would accelerate REPI project execution and ensure compliance while advancing mission-critical objectives and partner goals across Hawai'i. If you would like more information about the REPI Program's ongoing projects in Hawai'i, please see Enclosure 1.

My office will lead a Department-wide effort to develop a Programmatic Agreement for undertakings DoD is pursuing in support of meaningful and efficient Section 106 consultation for the REPI Program; the background, need, and proposed consultation timeline are outlined in Enclosure 2. We identified you/your organization as having an interest in the potential effects of DoD REPI projects on historic properties in Hawai'i, including historic properties that may be of traditional religious and cultural importance. Your knowledge and insights are vital to the successful development of this Programmatic Agreement and we hope you will join us.

Consultation will begin in late 2025 and continue in 2026. If you wish to participate, please respond by **October 30, 2025**, with your request to be included in the Hawai'i REPI Programmatic Agreement development and nominate one representative and one alternate to participate on behalf of you/your group. Include each individual's contact information including: name, title and organization (if applicable), mailing address, email, and phone number. Individuals and organizations may also participate in the Section 106 process as members of the public and may join the effort at any time. Please keep in mind that consultation may advance without your input on the steps that occurred prior to your engagement.

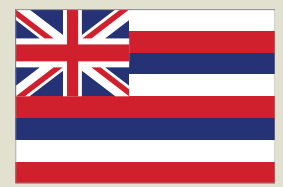
Please confirm your participation by responding to my point of contact for this effort, Ms. Erica Rohr, REPI Project Coordinator, at [osd.culturalresources@mail.mil](mailto:osd.culturalresources@mail.mil). Mahalo nui loa.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "R. Tickle". The signature is stylized with a large, sweeping "R" and a cursive "T".

Ronald E. Tickle  
Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense  
(Environmental Management & Restoration)

Enclosures: As stated.



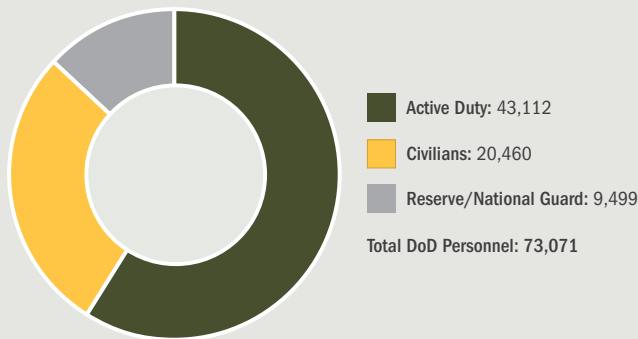
**OVERVIEW**

In Fiscal Year (FY) 2023, the state of Hawai'i received \$10.0 billion in Defense spending, which provides direct funding for the Department of Defense (DOD) personnel salaries, defense contracts, and construction of military facilities in the state. This spending by DOD personnel, contractors, and their families creates significant economic activity, attracts related industries and investments, and generates important state and local government tax revenues.

The Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration (REPI) Program is a key tool used by DOD and its partners to protect the military's ability to train, test, and operate in the state. The Department created the REPI Program in response to the development of lands and loss of habitat in the vicinity of or affecting its installations, ranges, and airspace that can lead to restrictions or costly and inadequate training and testing alternatives. Through the REPI Program, DOD works with state and local governments, conservation organizations, and willing private landowners to address these challenges to the military mission and the viability of DOD installations and ranges. The REPI Program has benefited from broad bipartisan support both in the U.S. Congress and among groups representing state and local officials. From FY 2006 through FY 2024, DOD and its partners have contributed nearly \$182.2 million to REPI projects supporting six installations in Hawai'i.

**DOD IN HAWAI'I**

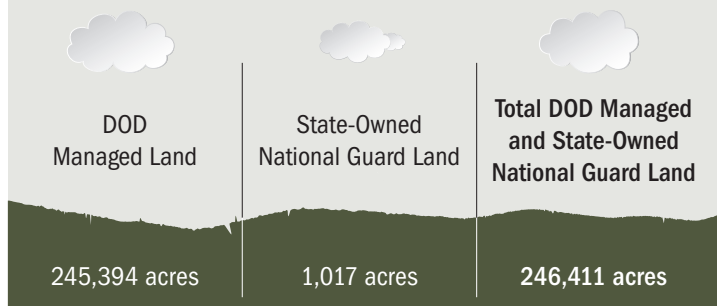
**DOD Personnel** (as of 30 Sep 2023)



**Federal Defense Spending and Economic Impact**  
 (in FY 2023)

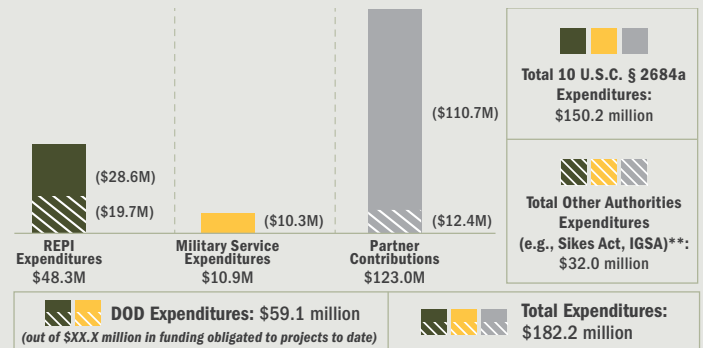


**Acres of DOD Managed and State-Owned National Guard Land** (as of 30 Sep 2023)



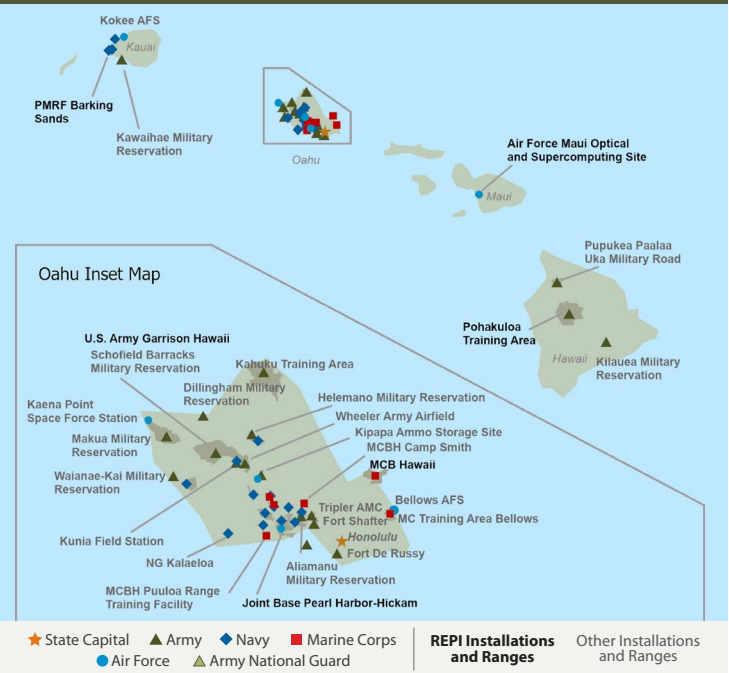
**ANNUAL REPI PROJECTS\* IN HAWAI'I**

**Funding Summary** (from FY 2006 through FY 2024)



Subtotals may not sum to combined totals due to rounding.  
 \* REPI projects refer to any action authorized by 10 U.S. Code (U.S.C.) § 2684a to include the acquisition of real property interests in land from willing landowners to prevent incompatible development or improve military installation resilience.  
 \*\* In addition to the real property transactions reported here, this project has expended REPI funds under authorities other than 10 U.S.C. § 2684a, including natural resources management activities under 10 U.S.C. § 2679, also known as Intergovernmental Support Agreements (IGSA), or 16 U.S.C. § 670c-1, commonly referred to as the Sikes Act.

**Total Acres Protected** (FY 2006 through FY 2024): 15,830



## MILITARY PRESENCE

- U.S. Army Garrison – Hawai‘i is responsible for the day-to-day operations and services offered at 22 Army installations and sub-installations on the islands of O‘ahu and Hawai‘i, and includes a workforce comprised of **more than 820 civilian employees**.
- **Hawai‘i is the only location in the world hosting the headquarters for the largest U.S. combatant command (USINDOPACOM)**, the Pacific component commands for the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Space Force, and combat ready land, sea, and air forces.
- Hawai‘i’s population includes **more than 116,800 veterans**, of which nearly 17,000 are military retirees; this represents 11% of Hawai‘i’s population.
- The Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard is **Hawai‘i’s largest industrial plant**, employing more than 4,600 engineers and skilled technicians to service naval surface ships and submarines based in Hawai‘i, and responding to emergency repair calls throughout the Pacific.
- The Pacific Missile Range Facility on Kaua‘i is the **world’s largest multi-dimensional testing and training range**, and it is the only range in the world where submarines, surface ships, aircraft, and space vehicles can train and be tracked simultaneously.

## ANNUAL REPI PROJECTS

Installation	County	Congressional District
Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	Honolulu	1st, 2nd
Marine Corps Base Hawai‘i	Honolulu	2nd
PMRF Barking Sands	Kaua‘i	2nd
U.S. Army Garrison Hawai‘i with Pōhakuola Training Area	Honolulu and Hawai‘i	2nd

For all REPI Project Profiles visit: [www.repi.mil/BufferProjects/ProjectList.aspx](http://www.repi.mil/BufferProjects/ProjectList.aspx)



Soldier overlooks the O‘ahu National Wildlife Refuge, adjacent to the Army’s East Range, during a field exercise near Schofield Barracks. Training across a myriad of landscapes is critical for soldiers to improve their capabilities as jungle experts for America’s Pacific Division.

## Key REPI Partners

- Bishop Museum
- Department of Hawaiian Home Lands
- Hawai‘i Agribusiness Development Corporation
- Hawai‘i Association of Watershed Partnerships/ University of Hawai‘i
- Hawai‘i Conservation Alliance
- Hawai‘i Department of Land and Natural Resources
- Hawai‘i Invasive Species Committees
- Hawai‘i Land Trust
- Kāko‘o ‘Ōiwi
- Kekaha Agricultural Association
- Kua‘āina Ulu ‘Auamo
- MA‘O Organic Farms
- Maui County
- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
- North Shore Community Land Trust
- Office of Hawaiian Affairs
- Parker Ranch
- Trust for Public Land

*\*This list includes but is not limited to the partners in the list above*

## Data Sources

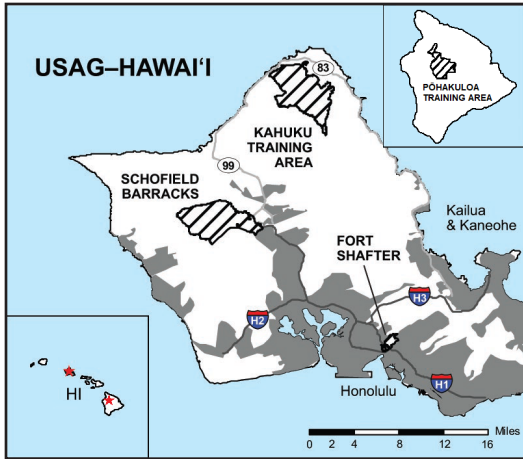
- **For Economic Impact Information:** Hawai‘i Chamber of Commerce, “Military Impact in Hawai‘i”: [www.mybaseguide.com/installation/mcb-hawaii/community/military-impact-in-hawaii-3/](http://www.mybaseguide.com/installation/mcb-hawaii/community/military-impact-in-hawaii-3/)
- **For Land Information:** Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Sustainment, Real Property, Business Systems & Information Directorate: “Base Structure Report – FY24 Baseline” (as of 30 Sept 2023)
- **For Federal Spending and Personnel Information:** Office of Local Defense Community Cooperation: “Defense Spending by State – Fiscal Year 2023”: [www.oldcc.gov/dsbs-fy2023](http://www.oldcc.gov/dsbs-fy2023)
- **For REPI Projects Information:** “2025 REPI Report to Congress”: [www.repi.mil/Portals/44/Documents/Reports\\_to\\_Congress/REPI2025RTC.pdf](http://www.repi.mil/Portals/44/Documents/Reports_to_Congress/REPI2025RTC.pdf)



**U.S. ARMY GARRISON-HAWAI'I WITH PŌHAKULOA TRAINING AREA**

**An important platform for the Pacific theater, U.S. Army Garrison–Hawai'i (USAG-HI) can quickly mobilize soldiers in support of combat operations and disaster relief missions.**

The Army's ability to station, train, and deploy the 2/25<sup>th</sup> Stryker Brigade Combat Team in Hawai'i is essential to our nation's defense transformation. Land conservation actions protect the Schofield Barracks, the Pōhakuloa Training Area (PTA), and the Kahuku Training Area (KTA), where diverse indigenous species populations reside near critical training areas.



To protect USAG-HI and neighboring habitats, its partners have undertaken various projects with shared benefits over the past several years. In a key success on the lush O'ahu North Shore, a broad coalition of partners—including community and environmental groups and state and Federal agencies—preserved Pūpūkea

Paumalu, a vast swath of beach-front open space slated to become a residential development. Another project is working to mitigate wildfire risk on state lands with an emphasis on firebreak development and road improvements on lands adjacent to the Army installations.

Additionally, the partners worked together to protect the habitat-rich 3,592-acre Honouliuli Preserve, a lowland forest on the eastern slope of the Wai'anae Mountain Range. The preserve contains 35 threatened and endangered species, including the endangered O'ahu 'elepaio, and 16 species found nowhere else in the world. Altogether, the installation's efforts are protecting not just valuable open space and habitat, but also drinking water resources, tourism, and recreational resources, all while ensuring the vitality of USAG-HI's defense mission.

**BENEFIT SUMMARY**

**COMMUNITY**

- Supports existing regional planning efforts
- Provides habitat for endangered species
- Helps improve water quality

**MILITARY**

- Preserves live-fire and ground maneuver training capacity
- Preserves training realism by preventing the need for workarounds
- Prevents the loss of training days



*A mortar team prepares to fire a round from a 120mm mortar system at Pōhakuloa Training Area, Hawai'i (top). Military training is conducted across USAG Hawai'i ranges and installations, such as Schofield Barracks (bottom).*

**KEY PARTNERS**

- AES Hawai'i, LLC
- Bishop Museum
- City and County of Honolulu
- Coastal Conservation League
- County of Hawai'i
- Department of Hawaiian Home Lands
- Hawai'i Land Trust
- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- North Carolina Coastal Federation
- North Shore Community Land Trust
- Pacific American Foundation
- State of Hawai'i Agribusiness Development Corporation
- State of Hawai'i Department of Land and Natural Resources
- The Trust for Public Land
- U.S. Department of Agriculture – Natural Resources Conservation Service
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- U.S. Forest Service

**CONTACT**

**PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFFICE:**  
 (808) 656-3154

**FAST FACTS** FROM FY 2006 THROUGH FY 2024 | Project Status: In Progress

Authority	Transactions	Acres Protected, Managed, or Improved	Total Funds Expended
10 U.S.C. § 2684a	7	13,157	\$123 million

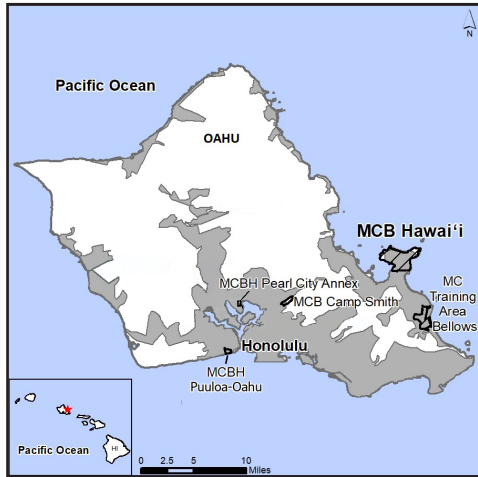
*Subtotals may not sum to combined totals due to rounding*



**MARINE CORPS BASE HAWAI'I**

**Consisting of seven properties on O'ahu and one on Moloka'i, Marine Corps Base Hawai'i (MCBH) encompasses all United States Marine Corps installations in the Hawaiian Islands.**

MCBH is home to the only Marine Corps training areas and ranges between the West Coast of the United States and Japan. Due to the scarcity of training area in the Hawaiian Islands, MCBH's air station is also heavily used by other Military Services. The installation manages three training areas that provide specific land, air, sea, and



and amphibious training capabilities to assist the U.S. and foreign Military Services in preparing for diverse operations, including large-scale joint operations.

Over 50 percent of the range complex is moderately to severely impacted by development pressures. The urbanization of O'ahu and increased pressure to convert agricultural land to residential areas are predicted to lead to limited working lands and increased noise complaints. Additionally, increased development of wind turbines and solar farms have presented disturbances to

surrounding communities, threats to endangered species, and military training obstacles. Through this REPI project, MCBH aims to improve partnerships with Native Hawaiian organizations, preserve and improve local habitats, and facilitate greater connection with the community in Hawai'i through enhanced knowledge and preservation of natural and cultural resources. Shared goals and benefits include reduced noise disturbances and enhanced working lands.

MCBH will ensure a holistic approach toward stated goals through increased education and engagement with encroachment partners, local land planning agencies, and state agencies.

**BENEFIT SUMMARY**

**COMMUNITY**

- Provides habitat for endangered species
- Protects working lands that benefit the local economy

**MILITARY**

- Reduces the potential for lost test and training days and the need for less-realistic workarounds
- Protects live-fire training capabilities
- Increases operational safety



*Army Sgt. Mikael Marcial competes in the Best Warrior competition in Waimanalo, Hawai'i (top). An Army CH-47 Chinook helicopter flies toward Bellows Air Force Station, Hawai'i, during Exercise Rim of the Pacific, providing a unique training opportunity (bottom).*

**KEY PARTNERS**

- City and County of Honolulu
- Kua'āina Ulu 'Auamo
- North Shore Community Land Trust
- State of Hawai'i Agribusiness Development Corporation
- State of Hawai'i Department of Land and Natural Resources
- Trust For Public Land

**CONTACT**

**COMMUNITY PLANS AND LIAISON OFFICE:**  
 (808) 257-8815

**FAST FACTS** THROUGH FY 2024 | Project Status: Initiated

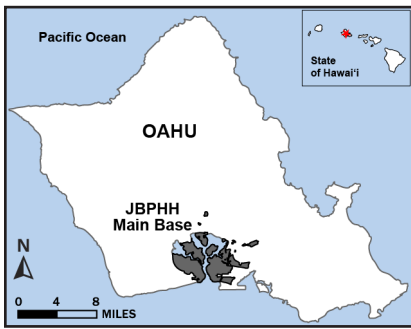
Transactions	Acres Protected, Managed, or Improved	Total Funds Expended
—	—	—

*Subtotals may not sum to combined totals due to rounding. | This project has an established and funded REPI partnership but has not completed any transactions through FY 2023.*



**JOINT BASE PEARL HARBOR-HICKAM**

**Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam (JBPHH) is a strategic hub for both Air Force and Navy operations in the Pacific region and supports various tenant commands and activities.**



As part of JBPHH's REPI Program, Wahiawā Annex is a facility that provides satellite-based, telephone and data communication services from antennas on the island of O'ahu, which directly support the warfighter and other government missions globally. Antennas for low-earth orbiting satellites require 360 degree, clear view angles from five degrees above the horizon, meaning any development and tall obstructions on adjacent parcels can create community

disturbances, harm surrounding indigenous habitats, and negatively impact the Department of Defense and Navy's mission.

The lands surrounding the Wahiawā Annex are former farmlands owned by Dole Food Company, which wanted to divest itself of these parcels. Even partial obstructions on property to the south of the Annex compromise the quality and efficiency of transmitting and receiving the large volumes of voice and data communications required by the Wahiawā Annex mission. Through REPI, the Navy is working with the Trust for Public Land to protect these surrounding lands from development pressures.

After acquiring the property, the Trust for Public Land will limit building heights and convey the land to the State of Hawai'i for agricultural production. These efforts bolster state plans to jump-start farming and support needed agribusiness on O'ahu. This project provides the additional benefit of maintaining undeveloped lands underneath an overflight area for operations from the nearby Wheeler Army Airfield, multiplying its value to DOD and the entire region. Additionally, this project is improving water security by enhancing groundwater recharge into the Pearl Harbor aquifer, which supplies water to the installation and the surrounding communities. Erosion control measures will be implemented as well to reduce the volume of runoff into the aquifer, improving the water quality for several threatened and endangered species.

**BENEFIT SUMMARY**

**COMMUNITY**

- Preserves open space and agricultural land
- Recharges water supply for surrounding communities
- Supports ongoing regional planning efforts
- Bolsters the local economy

**MILITARY**

- Protects communication antennae against obstructions and electromagnetic interference
- Improves operational security and reduces trespassing on military lands
- Prevents flight operations from additional noise complaints



Nearby pineapple fields and other agricultural lands (top), surround and protect the Navy's state-of-the-art Mobile User Objective System satellite dishes and narrowband tactical satellite communications system for improved ground communications for U.S. forces on the move (above).

**KEY PARTNERS**

- City and County of Honolulu
- MA'O Organic Farms
- State of Hawai'i Agribusiness Development Corporation
- State of Hawai'i Department of Land and Natural Resources
- State of Hawai'i Division of Forestry and Wildlife
- The Trust for Public Land

**CONTACT**

COMMUNITY PLANS AND LIAISON OFFICE:  
 (808) 449-3138

**FAST FACTS** FROM FY 2017 THROUGH FY 2024 | Project Status: In Progress

Authority	Transactions	Acres Protected, Managed, or Improved	Total Funds Expended
10 U.S.C. § 2684a	8	2,409	\$27.0 million
Other (e.g., Sikes Act, IGSA)	-	-	\$24.4 million
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2,409</b>	<b>\$51.4 million</b>

Subtotals may not sum to combined totals due to rounding



## PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE FACILITY BARKING SANDS

The U.S. Navy's Pacific Missile Range Facility (PMRF), located along the west coast of Kaua'i Island, is the world's largest instrumented multi-environment range.



PMRF provides premier training and testing capabilities within an 1,100-square nautical mile instrumented underwater range; 42,000 square nautical miles of airspace; and, when needed, up to 2.1 million square nautical miles of operating space. PMRF is capable of simultaneously supporting surface, subsurface, air, and space operations. Portions of the 7-mile terrestrial footprint also provide premier training and testing opportunities. Infrastructure critical to ensuring

that testing and training activities carried out at the installation are safe and effective (i.e. outdoor night lighting, communication towers, utility lines) can result in impacts to seabirds protected under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), such as the 'a'o, or Newell's shearwater.

In an effort to improve the ecological baseline for these protected seabirds, PMRF is working proactively with Federal, state, nonprofit, and private conservation organizations to implement landscape-level predator control at an important breeding colony site within Kaua'i's remote Honopū Valley. The project will include the placement of artificial burrows, monitoring of colony productivity, predator and invasive species removal, and a native plant restoration component to sustain a healthy ecosystem. By creating a habitat for indigenous species to be protected and monitored off-base, PMRF is also able to carry out its mission safely and effectively. This unique project is part of a larger, multi-partner effort that leverages existing species recovery plans and an island-wide predator control program, and will contribute significantly to efforts to reverse currently declining population trends.



Aerial view of Pacific Missile Range Facility Barking Sands (top). Pacific Missile Range Facility is working with partners to establish predator-exclusion fencing around one of the last remaining breeding colonies for the 'a'o/Newell's shearwater, 'ua'u/Hawaiian Petrel, and 'akē'akē/band-rumped storm-petrel (bottom).

### BENEFIT SUMMARY

#### COMMUNITY

- Protects threatened and endangered species
- Brings together new partners

#### MILITARY

- Improves operational safety
- Prevents additional training restrictions and unrealistic workarounds

### KEY PARTNERS

- American Bird Conservancy
- Archipelago Research and Conservation
- City and County of Kaua'i
- Coastal Conservation League
- Hallux Ecosystem Restoration
- Hawai'i Division of Forestry and Wildlife
- Hawai'i Division of State Parks
- Kaua'i Island Utilities Commission
- Kekaha Agriculture Association
- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- Natural Resources
- North Carolina Coastal Federation
- Pacific Rim Conservation
- State of Hawai'i Agribusiness Development Corporation
- State of Hawai'i Department of Land and
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service—Kaua'i National Wildlife Refuge Complex

### CONTACT

**PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFFICE:**  
 (808) 335-4740

### FAST FACTS FROM FY 2019 THROUGH FY 2024 | Project Status: Initiated

Authority	Transactions	Acres Protected, Managed, or Improved	Total Funds Expended
10 U.S.C. § 2684a	—	—	—
Other (e.g., Sikes Act, IGSA)	1	264	\$7.6 million
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>\$7.6 million</b>

Subtotals may not sum to combined totals due to rounding. | This project has expended REPI funds to support the ongoing management or improvement of lands outside the installation.

# **Consultation Information: Department of Defense Hawai'i Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration Programmatic Agreement**

## **Background**

Established as part of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003, the DoD Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration (REPI) Program preserves military missions by supporting cost-sharing agreements between the Military Services, other Federal agencies, state and local governments, and private organizations to avoid land use conflicts near military installations, address environmental restrictions that limit military activities (such as testing, training, and operations), and increase military installation resilience to meet current and future warfighter capabilities. The REPI Program facilitates long-term, collaborative partnerships that improve installation and community resilience. These partnerships work to safeguard natural and working lands outside installations through compatible and sustainable land uses while preserving habitats that provide critical ecosystem services. With Military Service projects spanning the Hawaiian Islands, REPI Program partnerships are critical to ensure greater conservation and protection of cultural and natural resources for communities neighboring DoD facilities.

In Fiscal Year 2024, the REPI Program committed over \$33 million to support REPI Program projects across Hawai'i, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Alaska. These projects leveraged significant partner contributions and investments from other Federal agency conservation programs. REPI partners work in close collaboration with the Military Services at their installations to develop and implement projects including, but not limited to:

- Natural resources management, restoration, enforcement, or maintenance beyond the installation boundary (e.g., invasive species control, species exclusion signs and fences, equipment and education to support natural resource management, species monitoring, species translocation or reintroduction, and future updates to adaptive management plans)
- Implementing activities (e.g., wetland or oyster reef restoration and maintenance, fuel load management and wildfire risk reduction) that will maintain or improve military installation resilience through nature-based solutions that protect testing, training, and operations.

The DoD has determined that certain DoD projects in support of the REPI Program should be considered undertakings (36 C.F.R. 16(y)) subject to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), 54 U.S.C. § 306108, and its implementing regulations at 36 CFR Part 800. The following discussion identifies DoD efforts to streamline statutory and regulatory requirements for undertakings supporting REPI priorities to encourage compatible land use, support proactive installation and community resilience initiatives, and maximize taxpayer dollars.

## **Need**

A comprehensive approach for historic preservation consultation would assist DoD and its partners to implement undertakings effectively and in a timely manner. DoD seeks to protect military missions through REPI projects through meaningful Section 106 consultation in a streamlined, unified, and consistent manner covering a wide variety of partners and projects within the REPI Program. To facilitate this implementation, DoD believes a Programmatic

## **Consultation Information: Department of Defense Hawai'i Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration Programmatic Agreement**

Agreement will best serve DoD and the Military Services with executing undertakings authorized through the REPI Program.

### **Program Alternative Considerations**

The DoD reviewed and considered all Program Alternatives available per 36 CFR § 800.14 for the best option. Given the unique needs of each undertaking, partner, and location, DoD anticipates separating covered undertakings into categories that may result in different consultation approaches. Therefore, none of the Program Alternatives available would be appropriate except for a Programmatic Agreement.

DoD proposes streamlined procedures for undertakings that result in a finding of No Adverse Effect, and other procedures for undertakings that may result in a finding of Adverse Effect to facilitate more efficient and timely consultation, similar to DoD's existing program alternatives for activities on DoD-managed lands. Due to the various types of projects, locations, and partners supporting, DoD recommends a Hawai'i REPI Programmatic Agreement to meet the Department's purpose, need, and best assure potential effects to historic properties are appropriately considered throughout the Section 106 process for DoD, its partners, and the Hawaiian communities. A Programmatic Agreement would allow DoD to clarify and set standard roles and responsibilities for categories of undertakings and include standard stipulations. Additionally, a Programmatic Agreement can offer best practices that may be employed for certain undertakings on or near historic properties to minimize or avoid adverse and recommend standard mitigation for adverse effects when the undertaking, potential stakeholder(s), and surrounding community does not require specialized treatment.

Should DoD, through consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), Hawai'i State Historic Preservation Division (SHPD), Native Hawaiian Organizations (NHO), and other parties, determine a different Program Alternative is a more appropriate option, the proposed categories of actions, Section 106 efficiencies, and other recommendations may remain. The DoD looks forward to future discussions on the proposed Hawai'i REPI Program Alternative and anticipates submitting a first draft of the document in the coming months.

# **Consultation Information: Department of Defense Hawai'i Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration Programmatic Agreement**

## **Outreach Plan and Timeline**

Projected timeline may be adjusted by DoD.

### Fall 2025 -Winter 2026

- Formal Section 106 consultation with SHPD, ACHP, NHOs, and other consulting parties; topics include:
  1. Establishing undertakings, their categorization, and any exemptions
  2. Identifying historic properties
  3. Assessing adverse effects
  4. Resolving adverse effects
  5. Failure to resolve adverse effects
  6. Coordination with National Environmental Policy Act
  7. Special requirements for National Historic Landmarks
  8. Special requirements for NHO cultural or religious properties
  9. Post-review discoveries
  
- Meet with consulting parties individually and/or collectively in-person and virtually regarding their level of interest and initial considerations.

### Spring 2026

- Draft Programmatic Agreement and public consultation, to include public comment period.
  
- Propose additional listening/consulting sessions with NHOs, SHPD, and ACHP, by specific request.

### Summer 2026

- Finalize and execute Programmatic Agreement.